From cold to hot:

Perception of the use and impact of QSP in immuno-oncology

A survey of the community and stakeholders –

Vincent Lemaire and Fei Hua

(on behalf of the ISoP QSP I-O Working Group)

Rosa webinar, Jan 18th, 2023

Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics

White Paper | 🙃 Open Access | 📀 🚯

From Cold to Hot: Changing Perceptions and Future Opportunities for Quantitative Systems Pharmacology Modeling in Cancer Immunotherapy

Vincent Lemaire, David Bassen, Mike Reed, Roy Song, Samira Khalili, Yi Ting (Kayla) Lien, Lu Huang, Aman P. Singh, Spyros Stamatelos, Dean Bottino ★, Fei Hua ★

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The ISoP QSP I-O Special Interest Working Group

Members (at the time of the survey):

- Fei Hua (Applied Biomath)-- past chair
- Dean Bottino (Takeda) past chair
- Brian Smith (BMS)
- Vincent Lemaire (Genentech)
- David Bassen (Applied Biomath)
- Mike Reed (Rosa)
- Roy Song (GSK)
- Samira Khalili (Takeda) current chair
- Kayla Lien (Genentech)
- Lu Huang (BMS)
- Aman Singh (Takeda)
- Spyros Stamatelos (Bayer)

- Ignacio Troconiz (U. de Navarra) – current chair
- Michael Zager (Pfizer)
- Loveleena Bansal (GSK)
- Andrew Stein (Novartis)
- Yougan Cheng (BMS)
- Jane Bai (FDA)
- Wenlian Qiao (Pfizer)
- John Tolsma (RES)
- Andrzej Kiersek (Certara)
- Lei Sun (Alkermes)
- Paolo Vicini (Kymab)

Mission:

- Focus on maximizing impact of QSP in I-O Drug discovery, development, and use in patients.
- Exchange of ideas and precompetitive knowledges among different companies, academia and clinicians to improve I-O QSP model development.
- Promote mechanistic modeling in I-O and dissemination of modeling in cross-disciplinary forums (in particular for non-modeling scientists and decision makers in immuno-oncology).
- Provide expert feedback and guidance for the modeling community in I-O.

Immune system and cancer

New York Times - July 29, 1908

ERYSIPELAS GERMS AS CURE FOR CANCER

Dr. Coley's Remedy of Mixed Toxins Makes One Disease Cast Out the Other.

MANY CASES CURED HERE

Physician Has Used the Cure for 15 Years and Treated 430 Cases— Probably 150 Sure Cures.

Following news from St. Lov's that two men have been cured of cancer in the City Hospital there by the use of a fluid discovered by Dr. William B. Coley of New York, it came out yesterday that nearly 100 cases of that supposely incurable disease have been cured in this city during the last few years, all through the use of the fluid discovered by Dr. Coley.

Image from following paper: Oiseth SJ, Aziz MS. Cancer immunotherapy: a brief review of the history, possibilities, and challenges ahead. *J Cancer Metastasis Treat* 2017;3:250-61. http://dx.doi.org/10.20517/2394-4722.2017.41

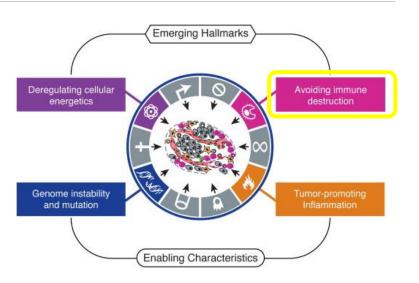
Hallmarks of Cancer: The Next Generation

Douglas Hanahan^{1,2,*} and Robert A. Weinberg^{3,*}

¹The Swiss Institute for Experimental Cancer Research (ISREC), School of Life Sciences, EPFL, Lausanne CH-1015, Switzerland ²The Department of Biochemistry & Biophysics, UCSF, San Francisco, CA 94158, USA

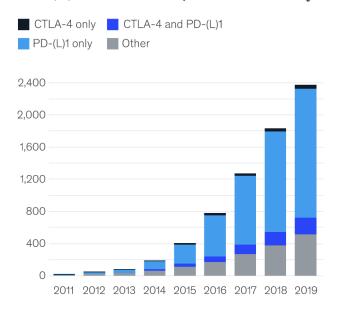
³Whitehead Institute for Biomedical Research, Ludwig/MIT Center for Molecular Oncology, and MIT Department of Biology, Cambridge, MA 02142, USA

*Correspondence: dh@epfl.ch (D.H.), weinberg@wi.mit.edu (R.A.W.) DOI 10.1016/j.cell.2011.02.013



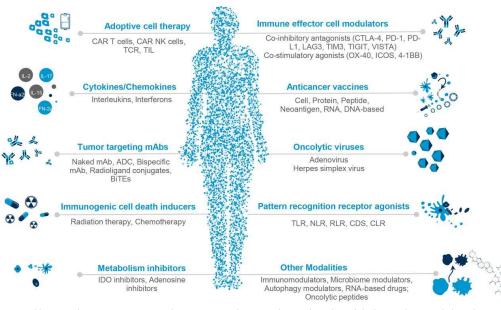
Immuno-oncology has experienced unprecedent diversity, scale, and complexity

PD-(L)1 and CTLA-4 clinical activity



https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/life-sciences/our-insights/delivering-innovation-2020-oncology-market-outlook

Classification of immuno-oncology agents



Franklin MR, Platero S, Saini KS, et al Immuno-oncology trends: preclinical models, biomarkers, and clinical development. *Journal for ImmunoTherapy of Cancer* 2022;**10**:e003231. doi: 10.1136/jitc-2021-003231

Range of ODE models in drug R & D

Empirical PK/PD

 Try to find a minimal model to describe the observed data

Mechanistic PK/PD

 Integrate the pharmacology of the drug, e.g. binding to targets

Quantitative Systems Pharmacology (QSP)

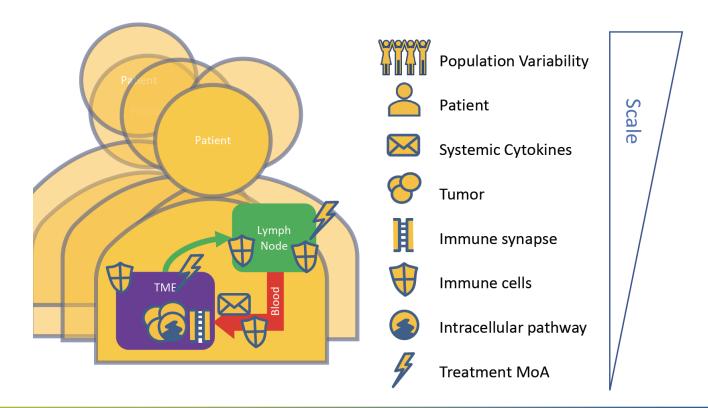
- Describe disease biology
- Describe downstream effects after drug engagement

Interpolation

Extrapolation

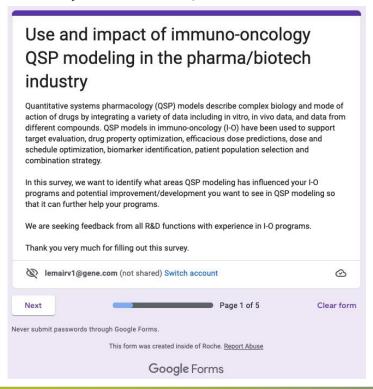
Knowledge captured \(\) Model complexity \(\) Model identifiability \(\)

Anatomy of IO QSP Model



The survey

The survey form was live for 4 months in Feb-June 2021



The goal of the survey was to

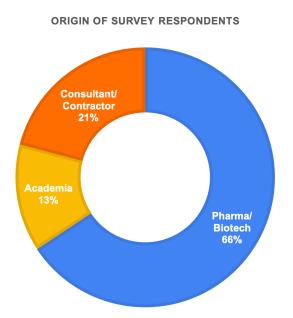
- Evaluate the current impact of QSP in immunooncology
- Identify areas of strength and areas that would need improvement
- Get a sense for where the field may be going in the future.

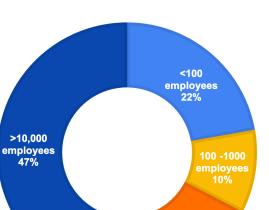
16 questions in 5 categories:

- 1. Background
- 2. Current use and impact of QSP in I-O
- 3. Current challenges of QSP in I-O
- 4. Future directions of QSP in I-O
- 5. Additional thoughts

Survey respondents demographics

134 respondents from industry and academia

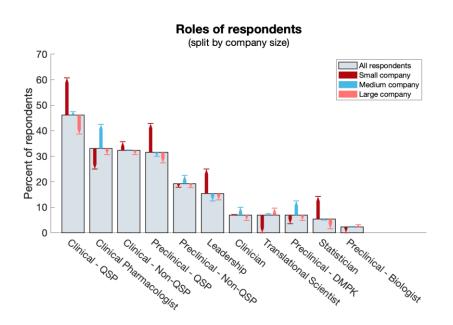




1000 -10,000 employees 21%

COMPANY SIZE OF RESPONDENTS

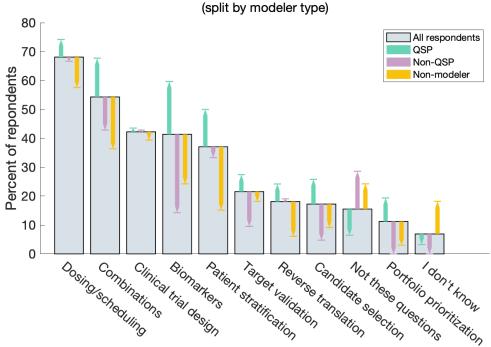
Survey respondents roles

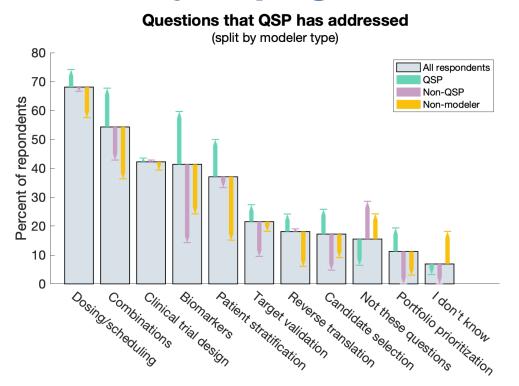


Types of modeler (split by company size) All respondents 60 Small company Medium company Percent of repondents Large company 10 Non-modeler Q_{S_p}

Applications of QSP in I-O

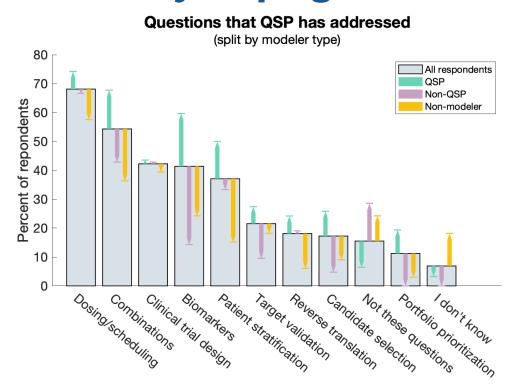






Top areas:

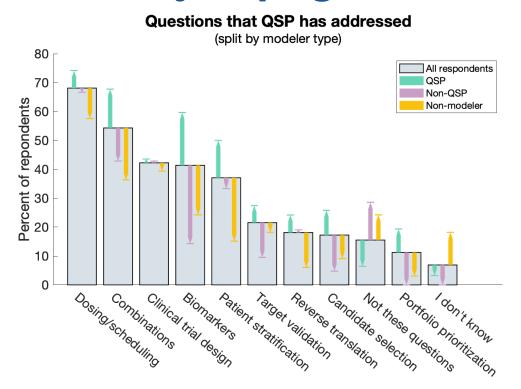
- 1. Dosing/scheduling
- 2. Combinations



Top areas:

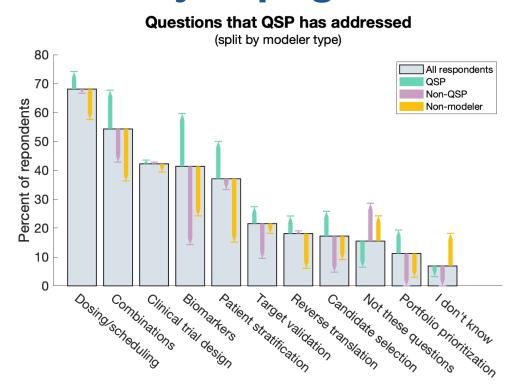
- 1. Dosing/scheduling¹
- 2. Combinations²

Top perceived applications correlate well with the frequency of publications in these domains



bottom areas:

- 1. Portfolio prioritization
- 2. Not these questions
- 3. Candidate selection
- 4. Reverse translation
- 5. Target validation



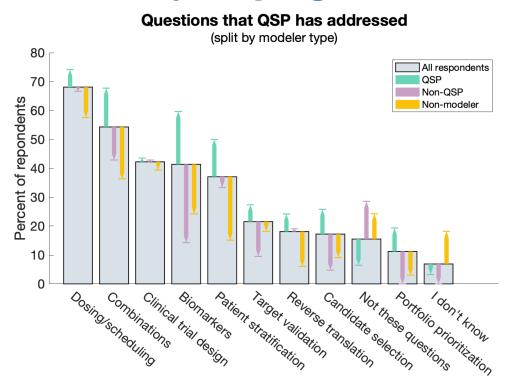
bottom areas:

- 1. Portfolio prioritization
- 2. Not these questions
- 3. Candidate selection
- 4. Reverse translation
- 5. Target validation

Candidate selection & Target validation: Early development

Reverse translation: New area

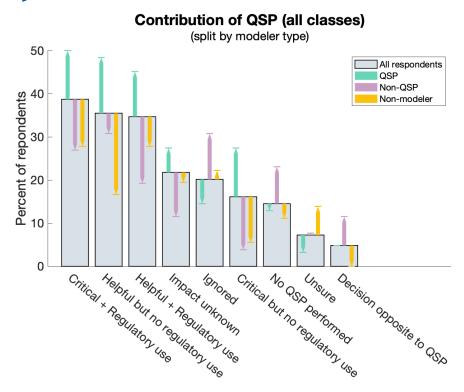
Portfolio prioritization: Strategic decision based on multiple inputs

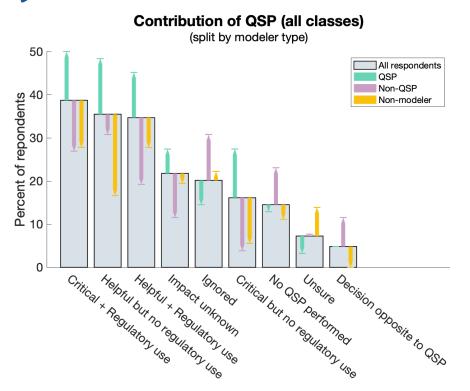


Most conflicting areas:

1. Biomarkers

Perceived impacts of QSP in I-O

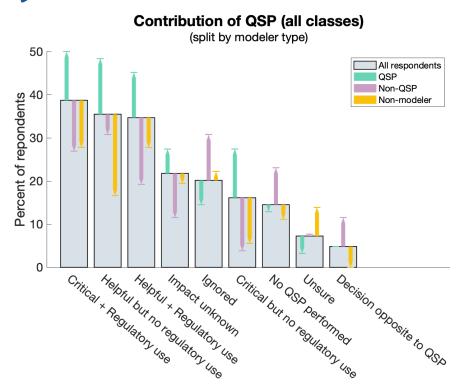




Top impacts:

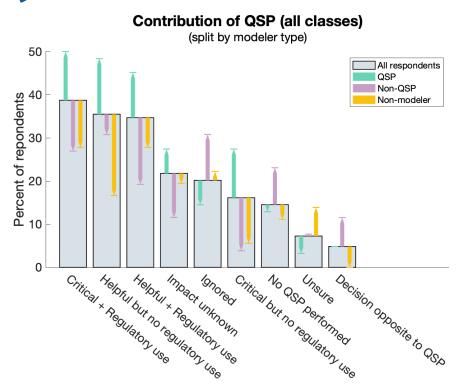
- 1. Critical + Regulatory use
- 2. Helpful but no regulatory use
- 3. Helpful + regulatory use

The survey respondents perceive the contribution of QSP positively, with most of the responses ranging from QSP leading to critical impact on projects to being useful to projects



Bottom impacts:

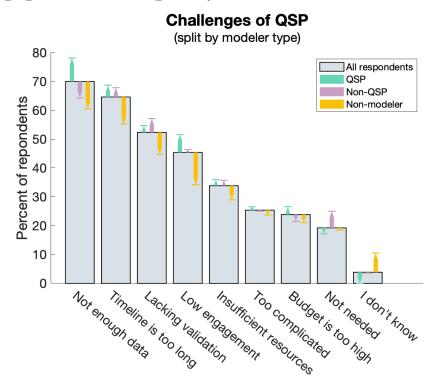
- 1. Decision opposite to QSP
- 2. Unsure
- 3. No QSP performed

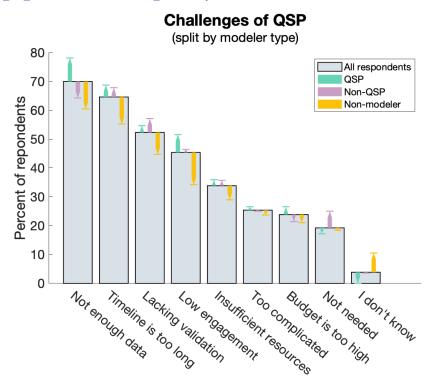


Most conflicting impacts:

- 1. Critical + Regulatory use
- 2. Helpful but no regulatory use
- 3. Helpful but no regulatory use

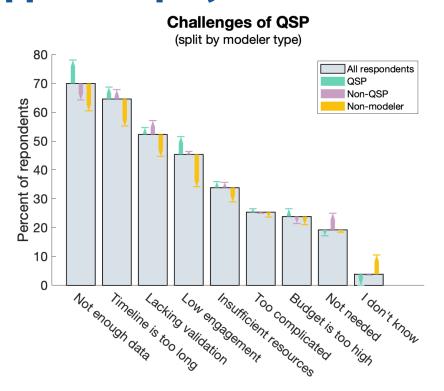
Challenges of applying QSP in I-O





Top Challenges:

- 1. Not enough data
- 2. Timeline is too long
- 3. Lacking validation



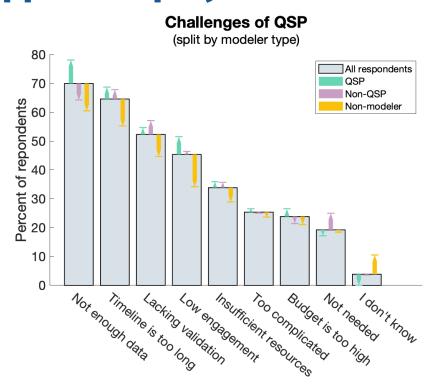
Top Challenges:

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- 2. Timeline is too long
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Not enough data: Widespread difficulty for all modeling approaches

Timeline is too long: Complexity

Lacking validation: No generally accepted validation process



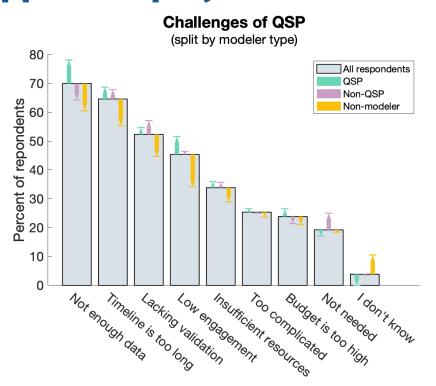
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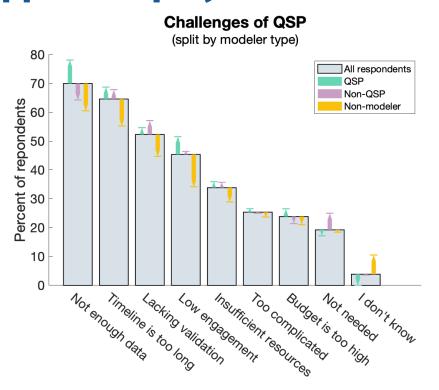
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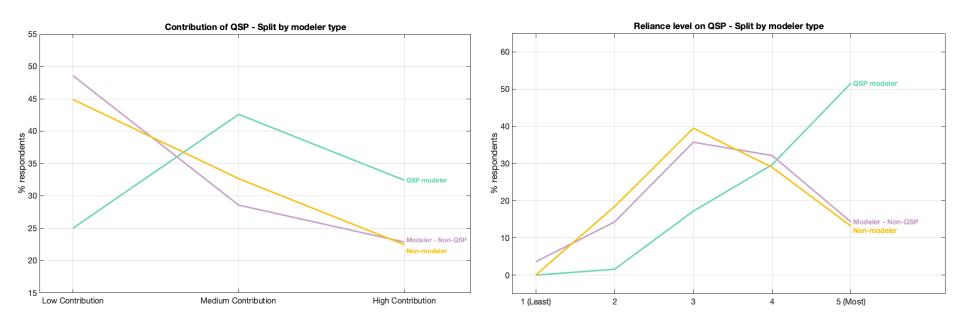
Lacking validation: No generally accepted validation process



Bottom Challenges:

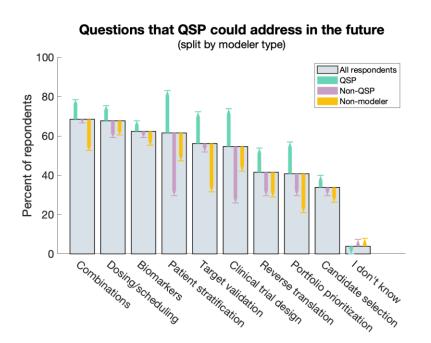
- 1. Not needed
- 2. Budget is too high
- 3. Too complicated

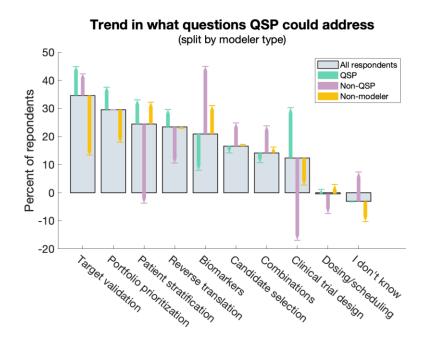
Difference in perception between QSP modelers and non-QSP people



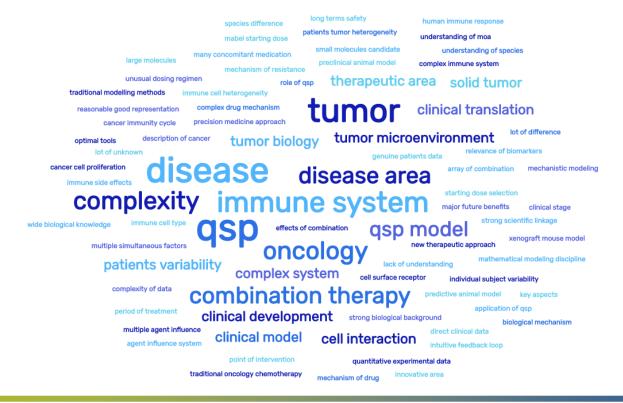
Future directions of QSP in I-O

What are the key I-O questions that QSP could address in your programs in the future?

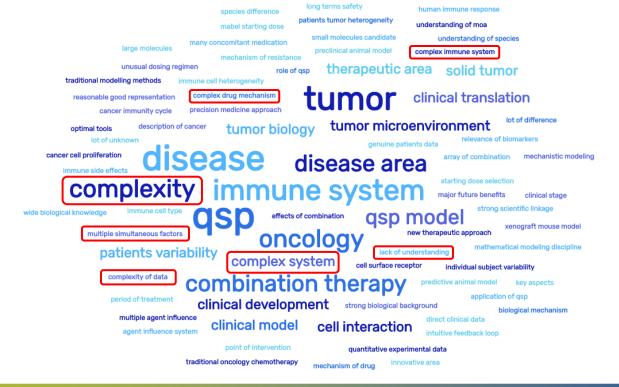




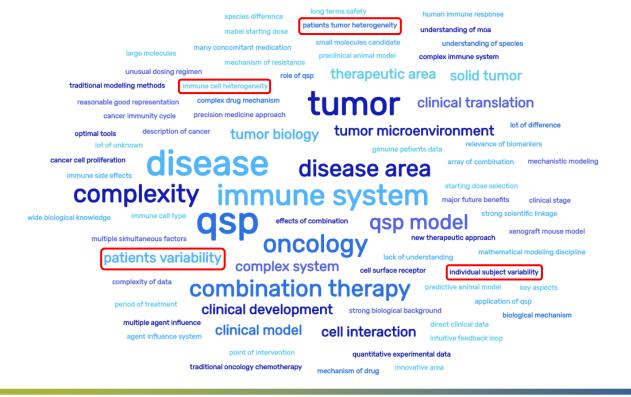
Unique aspects of applying QSP in I-O vs. other disease areas



Complexity



Variability



species difference

human immune response

Combinations



patients tumor heterogeneity

human immune response patients tumor heterogeneity understanding of moa mabel starting dose Species differences small molecules candidate understanding of species many concomitant medication preclinical animal model complex immune system mechanism of resistance unusual dosing regimen therapeutic area solid tumor traditional modelling methods immune cell heterogeneity clinical translation complex drug mechanism reasonable good representation precision medicine approach cancer immunity cycle tumor microenvironment description of cancer optimal tools relevance of biomarkers lot of unknown genuine patients data cancer cell proliferation disease area complexity immune system wide biological knowledge xenograft mouse model multiple simultaneous factors mathematical modeling discipline patients variability complex system cell surface receptor complexity of data combination therapy period of treatment clinical development strong biological background biological mechanism multiple agent influence direct clinical data clinical model cell interaction agent influence system intuitive feedback loop point of intervention quantitative experimental data traditional oncology chemotherapy mechanism of drug

species difference

human immune response

Other aspects



Key takeaway from the survey results

- Overall, the survey respondents perceive the contribution of QSP positively, with most of the responses ranging from QSP leading to critical impact on projects to being useful to projects.
- QSP models seem to be currently most often used to help with dosing/scheduling of clinical studies; while use in early drug discovery such as target validation and candidate selection is lower at the moment but is expected to grow in the future.
- The top 3 challenges for IO QSP model development identified in the survey are limited data, long timeline and insufficient validation of the models.
- The survey revealed differences in perception on the impact of QSP in I-O between QSP modelers and others suggesting QSP modelers need to improve education and communication to their stakeholders.
- For the future, people in general consider that QSP models can further increase their contribution to IO programs in all areas; while helping with combination therapy is being selected by the highest number of respondents.
- A lot of room to grow, either in terms of communication, applying QSP more widely, more transparent validation criteria.

THANK YOU!